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APPLICATION NO.	HIING DA!E	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09.910,428	07 (9/2001	Chad S. Hale	UVMO.007US/REH	2653
75	90 0 29 2003			
ROBERT E. HANSON FULBRIGHT & JAWORSKI L.L.P. SUITE 2400			EXAMINER	
			SHUKLA, RAM R	
600 CONGRESS AVENUE, SUITE 2400 AUSTIN, TX 78701		00	ART UNIT	PAPÉR NUMBER
			1632	11

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
		09/910,428	HALE ET AL.				
Office Action Summary		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Ram R. Shukla	1632				
	The MAILING DATE of this communication ap	pears on the cover sheet with the	correspondence address				
Period fo							
THE - Exte after - It th - If NO - Failt - Any earn	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Insions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1. If SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication a period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repoor priod for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period are to reply within the set or extended period for reply will. By statuting reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing ed patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1 704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be to ly within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) do will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS fro e, cause the application to become ABANDON	timely filed ays will be considered timely. m the mailing date of this communication. IED (35 U.S.C. § 133)				
Status	Decree to a communication (a) filed on 12	Navambar 2002					
1)[]	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>13</u>						
2a)□	, -	nis action is non-final.	proceeding as to the merits is				
3) 🗌	closed in accordance with the practice under ion of Claims	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11,	453 O.G. 213.				
·	Claim(s) 1-50 is/are pending in the application	n.					
• / 🚨	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>1-25</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
5)							
6)⊡	Claim(s) <u>26-50</u> is/are rejected.						
7)							
8)	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement.					
Applicat	ion Papers						
, —	The specification is objected to by the Examine						
10)[The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)∑ acce						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) approved b) disapproved by the Examiner.							
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action. 12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examıner.							
,—							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120 13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).							
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:							
ω,	1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.						
	2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No						
* :	3. Copies of the certified copies of the price application from the International Buse the attached detailed Office action for a list	ureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).					
	Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes						
	a) The translation of the foreign language pr Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domes	ovisional application has been re	eceived.				
Attachme		p 2 33					
1)	ce of References Cited (PTO-892) ce of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) rmation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s)	5) Notice of Informa	ary (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Il Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

1. Applicant's election without traverse of the invention of group II, claims 26-50 in Paper No. 10 is acknowledged.

- 2. Claims 1-50 are pending in the instant application.
- 3. Claims 1-25 have been withdrawn from further consideration pursuant to 37 CFR 1.142(b) as being drawn to a nonelected invention, there being no allowable generic or linking claim. Election was made **without** traverse in Paper No. 10.
- 4. Claims 26-50 are instantly under consideration.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
 The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 6. Claims 26-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

Claim 26 and it's dependent claims are vague and indefinite because it is unclear as to what is meant by the term "genetic polymorphism genetically linked to".

Claim 27 recites the limitation "said genetic polymorphism" in line 1. There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claim because the independent claim 26 recites the terms "genetic polymorphism" and "said polymorphism". It is unclear as to which one these terms is referred to in the instant claim. Applicants are advised to use one term consistently- said polymorphism or said genetic polymorphism, preferably, said genetic polymorphism, the term first time used in claim 26.

Claim 34 is vague and indefinite because it recites a range "between about 16 and about 20 copies". The metes and bounds of the range are not clear because it is unclear as to what is encompassed by about 16 and about 20 copies.

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Claim 49 is vague and indefinite because it recites a range "between about 2 and about 10 times". The metes and bounds of the range are not clear because it is unclear as to what is encompassed by about 2 and about 10 times.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 7. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 8. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).
- 9. Claims 26-50 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Liu et al (Domestic Animal Endocrinology 17:421-437, 1999) in view of Aggrey et al (The Journal of Heredity 90: 148-151, 1999, Schmutz et al (Mammalian Genome 6:710-713, 1995) and Heap et al (Journal of Animal Science 73:1529-1530, 1995).

At time of the invention, Liu et al taught liver specific expression of the growth hormone receptor 1A was responsible for the Laron dwarfism in miniature Bos indicus cattle. The art by Liu et al also taught the presence and activity of two promoters P1 and P2 in the animal, P1 in the adult liver and P2 in adult liver and non-hepatic tissues and that the expression of GHR expression by P1 was regulated

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during development, hormonal and metabolic signals, whereas the P2 promoter was a constitutive promoter (see introduction on page 422 and the abstract on page 421-422). The art further reviewed that the growth rate and mature height of the miniature cattle was about 70% of the normal cattle. The art also taught primers, PCR and other methodology for genetic analysis and gene expression analysis (see the methods and results sections on pages 423-431). Finally, the art taught that inactivation of GHR P1 or stability of GHR1A mRNA was responsible for this condition. The art by Liu et al does not teach breeding of beef cattle comprising genetic polymorphism linked to P1 promoter of exon 1A growth hormone receptor gene with another beef cattle to increase probability of obtaining beef cattle head comprising predisposition to increased or decreased carcass or weaning weight.

Aggrey et al teaches markers within regulatory region of the growth hormone receptor gene and that such markers are associated with milk related traits in Holsteins. The art also teaches use of PCT based selection method in breeding and use of polymorphism in marker-assisted selection in cattle (see the abstract). The art also teaches that selecting superior animals is a main goal of animal breeders and screening favorable alleles for selection at the DNA level provides an ideal tool for marker-assisted selection and that GHR provides one such genetic model (see the introduction).

Schmutz et al also teaches the role of DNA marker assisted selection in animal breeding, such as in Charolais cattle for polled condition (see the abstract and introduction).

At the time of the invention, it would have been obvious to an artisan of ordinary skill to breed beef cattle comprising genetic polymorphism linked to P1 promoter of exon 1A growth hormone receptor gene with another beef cattle to increase probability of obtaining beef cattle head comprising predisposition to increased or decreased carcass or weaning weight with a reasonable expectation of success by following the routine methods of breeding and DNA marker selection. An artisan would have been motivated to carry out such breeding because the relationship of P1 promoter of exon 1A growth hormone receptor gene with growth of cattle was well known at the time of the art and it was a normal practice in the

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art among breeders to select animals with better traits in terms of milk production, quality of meat etc. Regarding the limitations of conditions of PCR, types of polymorphism, number of thymine guanine dinucleotide repeats, gel electrophoresis and different species of beef cattle, it is noted that such methods and breeding techniques between different species was common and well known (for example, see C2, C3, C7, C9, C21 etc. in the IDS).

10. No claim is allowed.

When amending claims, applicants are advised to submit a clean version of each amended claim (without underlining and bracketing) according to § 1.121(c). For instructions, Applicants are referred to http://www.uspto.gov/web/offices/dcom/olia/aipa/index.htm.

Applicants are also requested to submit a copy of all the pending/under consideration claims.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Ram R. Shukla whose telephone number is (703) 305-1677. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday through Friday from 7:30 am to 4:00 p.m. If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Deborah Reynolds, can be reached on (703) 305-4051. The fax phone number for this Group is (703) 308-4242. Any inquiry of a general nature, formal matters or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the William Phillips whose telephone number is (703) 305-3413.

RAM R. SHUKLA, PH.D. PATENT EXAMINER

Ram R. Shukla, Ph.D. Primary Examiner Art Unit 1632